

# \USER MANUAL

DA3-24-H USB-C/HDMI Switcher & 1:4 Distributor Amplifier

DA3-28-H USB-C/HDMI Switcher & 1:8 Distributor Amplifier



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# Introduction

Welcome to Kramer Electronics! Since 1981, Kramer Electronics has been providing a world of unique, creative, and affordable solutions to the vast range of problems that confront the video, audio, presentation, and broadcasting professional on a daily basis. In recent years, we have redesigned and upgraded most of our line, making the best even better!



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This user manual describes **DA3-24-H** and **DA3-28-H**. These devices are identical except for the number of their outputs. Note that whenever **DA3-24-H** is used in the user manual, it also refers to **DA3-28-H**, unless specified otherwise. (A device is named specifically only when a device-specific feature is described).

# **Getting Started**

We recommend that you:

- Unpack the equipment carefully and save the original box and packaging materials for possible future shipment.
- Review the contents of this user manual.

Go to <u>www.kramerav.com/downloads/DA3-28-H</u> or <u>www.kramerav.com/downloads/DA3-24-H</u> to check for up-to-date user manuals, application programs, and to check if firmware upgrades are available (where appropriate).

# **Achieving Best Performance**

- Use only good quality connection cables (we recommend Kramer high-performance, high-resolution cables) to avoid interference, deterioration in signal quality due to poor matching, and elevated noise levels (often associated with low quality cables).
- Do not secure the cables in tight bundles or roll the slack into tight coils.
- Avoid interference from neighboring electrical appliances that may adversely influence signal quality.
- Position your Kramer DA3-24-H away from moisture, excessive sunlight and dust.

# **Safety Instructions**



#### Caution:

- This equipment is to be used only inside a building. It may only be connected to other equipment that is installed inside a building.
- For products with relay terminals and GPI\O ports, please refer to the permitted rating for an external connection, located next to the terminal or in the User Manual.
- There are no operator serviceable parts inside the unit.



#### Warning:

- Use only the power cord that is supplied with the unit.
- To ensure continuous risk protection, replace fuses only according to the rating specified on the product label which is located on the bottom of the unit.

# **Recycling Kramer Products**

The Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive 2002/96/EC aims to reduce the amount of WEEE sent for disposal to landfill or incineration by requiring it to be collected and recycled. To comply with the WEEE Directive, Kramer Electronics has made arrangements with the European Advanced Recycling Network (EARN) and will cover any costs of treatment, recycling and recovery of waste Kramer Electronics branded equipment on arrival at the EARN facility. For details of Kramer's recycling arrangements in your particular country go to our recycling pages at <a href="https://www.kramerav.com/il/quality/environment">www.kramerav.com/il/quality/environment</a>.

# **Overview**

**DA3-24-H** and **DA3-28-H** are premium 2x1:4 (1:8 respectively) switchers and distribution amplifiers for up to 4K60 4:4:4 HDR, video signals that comply with HDCP 2.3 content protection standard. The unit switches between one of two inputs HDMI or USB-C, equalizes and re-clocks the selected signal and distributes it to eight (four respectively) identical outputs.

# **Exceptional Quality**

- Max. Resolution 4K@60Hz (4:4:4).
- Intelligent EDID Handling Use connected display EDID or default EDID, with EDID lock and RGB–force options, to ensure proper operation of HDMI source and display systems.
- Force RGB When the display lacks YCbCr capabilities, the user can force native delivery of the RGB color format in HDMI content to improve picture quality.
- Selectable HDCP Authorization Allows the user to control the appearance of an HDCP or non–HDCP input to the source to permit delivery of protection–free content, such as personal clips and charts, without HDCP encryption. HDCP protected content is not passed in non–HDCP mode.
- Analog audio output de-embedded from the HDMI/USB-C input signal

### **Advanced and User-friendly Operation**

- Sophisticated CEC mediator with flexible routing options
- Various unit management options including a WEB GUI/P3K commands over LAN or P3K commands over RS232

# **Flexible Connectivity**

- Secured Operation Standard IT-grade 802.1x authentication for secured IT LAN connectivity operation.
- Easy Installation Compact half-U 19' enclosure for over-ceiling mounting, or side-byside rack mounting.

# **Typical Applications**

DA3-24-H and DA3-28-H are ideal for the following typical applications:

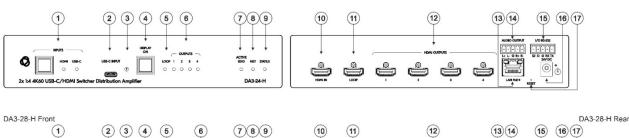
• Distribution of high–resolution 4K signals in retail, corporate, education, hospitals and government facilities

# **Defining DA3-24-H and DA3-28-H**

This section defines DA3-24-H & DA3-28-H front and rear panels.

# DA3-24-H & DA3-28-H Front & Rear Panel

DA3-24-H Front



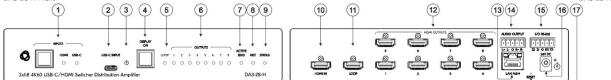


Figure 1:DA3-24-H & DA3-28-H Combined 2:1 Switcher & 1:8 (1:4 respectively) Distributor Amplifier Front & Rear Panel

#	Feature		Function				
	LEDs	INPUTS	Press to toggle between HDMI and USB-C inputs.				
		HDMI		an active input is detected and selected. an active input is detected (but not selected).			
		USB-C	LED lights blue when an active input is detected and selected. LED lights green when an active input is detected (but not selected).				
2	USB-C INPL	JT	Connect to USB-C AV	/ source:			
			<ul> <li>that supports Dis laptop) to share</li> </ul>	splayPort Alternate Mode, (for example, a content.			
			<ul> <li>to charge the con Delivery 3.0).</li> </ul>	nnected source (that supports USB Power			
			While charging, the charging icon (to the right of the connector) becomes visible and lights yellow.				
3	USB-C Char	ge LED	While charging, the charging icon becomes visible and lights yellow.				
4	DISPLAY ON Button		Press to mute/unmute the AV outputs. LED lights orange when the AV outputs are muted.				
5	LOOP LED		LED lights blue when a local display is connected and an active input is selected.				
(6)	OUTPUTS	DA3-24-H (X4)	L E De light blue where				
	LED	DA3-28-H (X8)	LEDS light blue when a	an output(s) is connected and active.			
(7)	ACTIVE EDI	D LED	LED status	Indicates			
			Yellow	Default EDID is active			
			Blue	Output-acquired EDID is active (the default EDID is 4k@60 4:4:4)			
			Green Custom EDID is active				
8	NET LED		LED status	Indicates			
			Dark	No IP address acquired.			
			Green	A valid IP address has been acquired.			

#	Feature		Function		
			Flashes green for 60s	A means to identify the device in a system, using command #IDV (Flag Me).	
			Flashes red/white	IP fallback address has been acquired.	
			Red	Security-blocked IP-access.	
(9)	STATUS LE	D	LED status Indicates		
			White	Stand-by	
			Red	Power On	
10	HDMI IN Cor	nnector	Connects to the HDM	l source.	
(11)	LOOP Conn	ector	Connect to a local HD	0MI display.	
(12)	HDMI	DA3-24-H (X4)			
	OUTPUTS Connectors	DA3-28-H (X8)	Connect to the HDMI		
(13)	LAN PoE ◀ I Connector	RJ-45	LAN connector for managing the unit over the network. This port can provide PoE to power the unit.		
14	AUDIO OUT Terminal Blo	PUT 5-pin ck Connector	Connect to a balanced stereo analog audio acceptor.		
15	I/O RS-232 5-pin Terminal Block Connector (GND is common for I/O and RS- 232).	I/O (S1-S2) RS-232 (Rx, Tx,)	<ul> <li>Connect to: <ul> <li>Input-triggering devices (for example, remote buttons or sensors), <b>OR</b></li> <li>Output-triggered devices (for example, remote alarm LED indication).</li> </ul> </li> <li>Each of these GPIO ports may be configured as a digital input, digital output, or an analog input port.</li> <li>Connect and control the DA3-24-H unit (default), <b>OR</b></li> <li>Connect to an RS-232 controlled device (for example, the connected PTZ USB camera) to be controlled via the unit's control gateway functionality.</li> </ul>		
16	24V DC Pow	er Connector	<ul> <li>power supply</li> <li>Use the includent and charging port.</li> </ul>	t is not PoE powered, connector enabling to the unit. ded 24V 6A power supply for powering the unit the source device connected to the USB-C se your Kramer 24V Power Supply!	
17	RESET		For restoring factory d connect power to devi	lefault settings, press the RESET button and ce.	

# Mounting DA3-24-H / DA3-28-H

This section provides instructions for mounting **DA3-24-H** / **DA3-28-H**. Before installing, verify that the environment is within the recommended range:

- Operation temperature 0° to 40°C (32 to 104°F).
- Storage temperature -40° to +70°C (-40 to +158°F).
- Humidity 10% to 90%, RHL non-condensing.



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# • Mount

• Mount SWT3-41-H before connecting any cables or power.



#### Warning:

- Ensure that the environment (e.g., maximum ambient temperature & air flow) is compatible for the device.
- Avoid uneven mechanical loading.
- Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used for avoiding overloading of the circuits.
- Reliable earthing of rack-mounted equipment should be maintained.
- Maximum mounting height for the device is 2 meters.

#### Mount DA3-24-H in a rack:

 Use the recommended rack adapter (see <u>http://www.kramerav.com/product/DA3-24-H</u> / www.kramerav.com/product/DA3-28-H).

Mount DA3-24-H on a surface using one of the following methods:

- Attach the rubber feet and place the unit on a flat surface (included in the box).
- Mount the unit under table brackets RK-19N (option).
- Mount the unit in a rack using the recommended rack adaptor RK-1 (option).
- Attach the rubber feet and place the unit on a flat surface.

# **Connecting DA3-24-H**

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Since the main difference between **DA3-24-H** and **DA3-28-H** are the number of outputs, from this section on, any description of **DA3-24-H** applies also to **DA3-28-H**, unless stated otherwise.

Always switch off the power to each device before connecting it to your **DA3-24-H**. After connecting your **DA3-24-H**, connect its power and then switch on the power to each device.

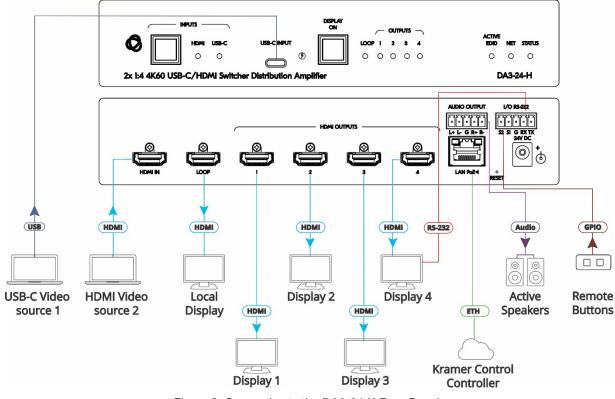


Figure 2: Connecting to the DA3-24-H Rear Panel

To connect DA3-24-H as illustrated in the example in Figure 2:

- 1. Connect a USB-C source (for example, a laptop) to the USB-C INPUT connector 2.
- 2. Connect an HDMI source (for example, a laptop or a desktop) to the HDMI IN connector 10.
- 3. Connect the HDMI LOOP connector (1) to an HDMI acceptor (for example, a local monitor).
- 4. Connect the HDMI OUTPUTS connectors (12) to an HDMI acceptor (for example, a display).
- 5. Connect AUDIO OUT to a balanced stereo audio acceptor (14) (for example, Kramer **Tavor 5-O** active speakers).
- Connect remote contact-closure buttons to I/O terminal block connectors (15), and configure buttons function, for example to select an input (see <u>Configuring I/O (GPIO)</u> <u>Ports</u> on page <u>24</u>).

7. Connect a room controller (for example, the Kramer **KC-VB1**) via LAN to the LAN PoE Ethernet RJ-45 port (13).

Send serial commands from LAN-connected Kramer controller (13) (for example KC-VB1) to the display via control gateway.

8. Connect a room controller (for example, the Kramer **KC-VB1**) via LAN to the LAN PoE Ethernet RJ-45 port (13).

# Connecting Output to a Balanced/Unbalanced Stereo Audio Acceptor

The following are the pinouts for connecting the output to a balanced or unbalanced stereo audio acceptor:

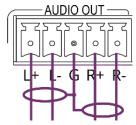


Figure 3: Connecting to a Balanced Stereo Audio Acceptor

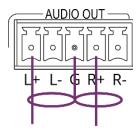


Figure 4: Connecting to an Unbalanced Stereo Audio Acceptor

# **Connecting to DA3-24-H via RS-232**

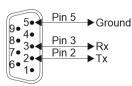
You can connect to **DA3-24-H** via an RS-232 connection (15) using, for example, a PC.

**DA3-24-H** features an RS-232 3-pin terminal block connector allowing the RS-232 to control **DA3-24-H**.

Connect the RS-232 terminal block on the rear panel of **DA3-24-H** to a PC/controller, as follows:

From the RS-232 9-pin D-sub serial port, connect:

- Pin 2 to the TX pin on the **DA3-24-H** RS-232 terminal block.
- Pin 3 to the RX pin on the DA3-24-H RS-232 terminal block.
- Pin 5 to the G pin on the **DA3-24-H** RS-232 terminal block.



**RS-232 Device** 

SWT3-41-H

**RS-232** G Rx Tx

# **Operating and Controlling DA3-**24-H

# **Principles of Operation**

This section covers the following topics:

Flexible DA3-24-H Auto Switching Policy on page 9.

Routing IP-Driven Control Signals via Built-in Control Gateway on page 10.

### Flexible DA3-24-H Auto Switching Policy

Set the switching policy to:

- Manual Select an input manually and switching occurs whether a live signal is present on the input or not.
- Auto Auto Switching selection is performed according to either the Last Connected or the Priority policy.

In Last Connected policy:

If a signal is plugged in this mode, DA3-24-H will switch to it.

If the signal on the current input is lost, DA3-24-H automatically selects the last connected input.



The auto-switching delay depends on the configurable signal-lost timeout.

# Routing IP-Driven Control Signals via Built-in Control Gateway

Remote IP connected clients can send from the LAN, via the **DA3-24-H** built-in control gateway, CEC, RS-232 and I/O commands, and receive responses and notifications, to control devices connected to **DA3-24-H** HDMI-OUT, RS-232 and I/O control ports. The built-in control gateway sends the control commands (converted from the client received IP messages) to the connected controlled devices, and distributes the responses received from the connected controlled devices to all connected clients.

<u>Figure 5</u> shows the **DA3-24-H** built-in control gateway connection. The Kramer Control controller is connected to the switcher via LAN, sends IP commands to the switcher control gateway over the LAN connection, to send control messages to, and receive control responses from:

- The display connected to the HDMI output (CEC) and the RS-232 port.
- The Occupancy Detector & Select In Button connected to the switcher via the I/O ports.

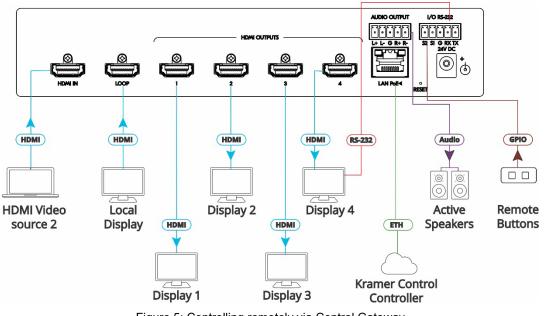


Figure 5: Controlling remotely via Control Gateway

Built-in control gateway activation, activation of the associated control ports and their attributes (such as the CEC logical address of the control gateway), as well as manual commands testing operation, is done via DA3-24-H control gateway webpages (see <u>Setting</u> <u>Control Gateway Properties</u> on page <u>21</u>).

# **Using Front and Rear Panel Buttons**

DA3-24-H front and rear panel buttons enable the following actions:

- Selecting an INPUT.
- Turning the display on or off via the DISPLAY ON or sending on or off commands that are configured via the UI (see <u>Controlling the Display</u> on page <u>22</u>).
- Resetting device to its factory settings (for additional instructions on resetting and resetting device (see <u>Resetting and Restarting Device</u> on page <u>29</u>).

# **Operating via Ethernet**

You can connect to DA3-24-H via Ethernet using either of the following methods:

- Directly to the PC using a crossover cable (see <u>Connecting Ethernet Port Directly to a</u> <u>PC</u> on page <u>11</u>).
- Via a network switch or router, using a straight-through cable (see <u>Connecting</u> <u>Ethernet Port via a Network Switch</u> on page <u>13</u>).



If you want to connect via a router and your IT system is based on IPv6, speak to your IT department for specific installation instructions.

# **Connecting Ethernet Port Directly to a PC**

You can connect the Ethernet port of **DA3-24-H** directly to the Ethernet port on your PC using a crossover cable with RJ-45 connectors.



This type of connection is recommended for identifying **DA3-24-H** with the factory configured default IP address.

After connecting **DA3-24-H** to the Ethernet port, configure your PC as follows:

- 1. Click Start > Control Panel > Network and Sharing Center.
- 2. Click Change Adapter Settings.

3. Highlight the network adapter you want to use to connect to the device and click **Change settings of this connection**.

The Local Area Connection Properties window for the selected network adapter appears as shown in (Figure 6).

Local Area Connection Properties
Networking Sharing
Connect using:
Mintel(R) 82579V Gigabit Network Connection
Configure This connection uses the following items:
✓       Client for Microsoft Networks         ✓       Incrosoft Network Monitor 3 Driver         ✓       QoS Packet Scheduler         ✓       File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks         ✓       Intermet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPV6)         ✓       Intermet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPV4)         ✓       Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver         ✓       Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder
Install Uninstall Properties Description TCP/IP version 6. The latest version of the internet protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.
OK Cancel

Figure 6: Local Area Connection Properties Window

- 4. Highlight either Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) or Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) depending on the requirements of your IT system.
- 5. Click Properties.

The Internet Protocol Properties window relevant to your IT system appears as shown in <u>Figure 7: Internet Protocol Version 4 Properties Window</u> or <u>Figure 8: Internet</u> <u>Protocol Version 6 Properties Window</u>.

Internet Pr	otocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Propertie	es		? ×
General	Alternate Configuration				
this cap	get IP settings assigned autor ability. Otherwise, you need to appropriate IP settings.				
o Ob	tain an IP address automatica	y			
O Us	e the following IP address:				
IP ad	dress:	1.1	1.	1.0	
Subn	et mask:				
Defa	ult gateway:	1.1		1.0	
O Us	tain DNS server address autor e the following DNS server add				
Prefe	rred DNS server:	· ·	•		
Alten	nate DNS server:		•		
Va	alidate settings upon exit			Advar	nced
			OK		Cancel

Figure 7: Internet Protocol Version 4 Properties Window

Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IP	v6) Properties	? <mark>×</mark>
General		
	l automatically if your network supports this capability, etwork administrator for the appropriate IPv6 settings.	
Obtain an IPv6 address autor	natically	
Ose the following IPv6 addres	35:	
IPv6 address:		
Subnet prefix length:		
Default gateway:		
Obtain DNS server address and a server address ad	utomatically	
Ouse the following DNS server	addresses:	
Preferred DNS server:		
Alternate DNS server:		
Validate settings upon exit	Adva	nced
I	ОК	Cancel

Figure 8: Internet Protocol Version 6 Properties Window

 Select Use the following IP Address for static IP addressing and fill in the details as shown in Figure 9: Internet Protocol Properties Window For TCP/IPv4 you can use any IP address in the range 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.255 (excluding default 192.168.1.39 fallback address) that is provided by your IT department.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Properties
General	
You can get IP settings assigned autor this capability. Otherwise, you need to for the appropriate IP settings.	
Obtain an IP address automatical	у
• Use the following IP address:	
IP address:	192.168.1.2
Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Default gateway:	
Obtain DNS server address autom	natically
• Use the following DNS server add	resses:
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	· · ·
Validate settings upon exit	Advanced
	OK Cancel

Figure 9: Internet Protocol Properties Window

- 7. Click **OK**.
- 8. Click Close.

#### **Connecting Ethernet Port via a Network Switch**

You can connect the Ethernet port of **DA3-24-H** to the Ethernet port on a network switch or router using a straight-through cable with RJ-45 connectors.

### **Configuring Ethernet Port**

You can set the Ethernet parameters via the embedded Web pages.

#### **Discovering and acquiring IP address**

**DA3-24-H** includes IP address auto-acquiring policy via LAN-connected DHCP server by default. When no DHCP server is detected, a fallback static IP address of 192.168.1.39, and 255.255.255.0 subnet mask (class C), is assigned until an IP address is acquired via the DHCP server.

# **Using Embedded Web Pages**

**DA3-28-H** enables you to configure settings via Ethernet using built-in, user-friendly web pages. The Web pages are accessed using a Web browser and an Ethernet connection.



- This section displays the webpages for the DA3-28-H. For this section, any description of DA3-28-H applies also to DA3-24-H, unless stated otherwise.
- You can also configure DA3-28-H via Protocol 3000 commands (see <u>Protocol 3000</u> <u>Commands</u> on page <u>41</u>).

Before attempting to connect:

- Perform the procedure in (see <u>Operating via Ethernet</u> on page <u>11</u>).
- Ensure that your browser is supported.

The following operating systems and Web browsers are supported:

Operating Systems	Browser
Windows 7	Chrome
Windows 10	Edge
	Chrome
Mac	Safari
iOS	Safari
Android	N/A

If a web page does not update correctly, clear your Web browser's cache.

Check that Security/firewalls are not blocking HTTP traffic between the device and the user PC.

To access the web pages:

1. Enter the IP address of the device in the address bar of your internet browser (default = 192.168.1.39).

If security is enabled, the Login window appears.

Sign in	
http://192.1 Your connec	68.54.30 tion to this site is not private
Username	Admin
Password	
	Sign in Cancel

Figure 10: Embedded Web Pages Login Window

2. Enter the Username (default = Admin) and Password (default = Admin) and click **Sign in**. The default web page appears.

kramer	DA3-28-H	
Dashboard		
AV Settings	Inputs	Outputs
EDID	Input Selection 🔘 HDMI 🛛 USB-C	Analog Audio Output
Gateway	Input Signal 🛛 🗧 Inactive	Volume -190 -24
Device Settings	HDCP 💽 On	Mute Off
Security	HDCP Encryption HDCP OFF	HDMI Output
About		Output 1 🛛 🗧 Inactive 📰 On
		Output 2 🛛 🗕 Inactive 🗾 On
		Output 3 🛛 🗕 Inactive 🗾 On
		Output 4 🛛 🗕 Inactive 👥 On
		Output 5 🔶 Inactive 👥 On
		Output 6 🛛 🗕 Inactive 👥 On
		Output 7 🛛 🔍 Inactive 📰 On
		Output 8 🛛 🔍 Inactive 📰 On
		Loop 🔶 Inactive 💽 On

Figure 11: Dashboard Landing Page

3. Click the Navigation Pane on the left side of the screen to access the relevant web page.

DA3-28-H web pages enable performing the following actions:

- <u>Operation</u> on page <u>16</u>.
- <u>AV Settings</u> on page <u>18</u>.
- <u>Managing EDID</u> on page <u>20.</u>
- <u>Setting Control Gateway Properties</u> on page <u>21</u>.
- 00<u>Setting Device Properties</u> on page <u>27</u>.
- <u>Security</u> on page <u>32.</u>
- <u>Viewing the About Page</u> on page <u>37</u>.

# **Operation**

### **Routing AV Signals**

This section details the following actions:

- Routing an Input to an Output on page <u>17</u>.
- <u>Setting Analog Audio Output Level</u> on page <u>18</u>.

Routing an Input to an Output

Route one of the two inputs to any of the eight outputs.



**DAF-24-H** displays four outputs and one Loop output.

To route the inputs to the output:

1. Go to the Dashboard Landing page.

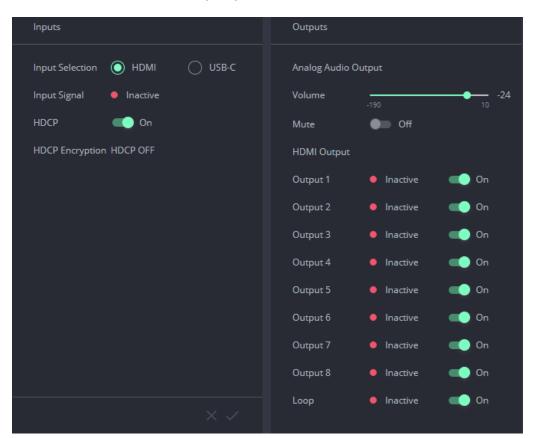


Figure 12: Dashboard Landing Page

2. Perform the following functions:

Input Selection: Select between the HDMI or USB-C source.

• A green light on a button indicates a connected source/acceptor.

Input Signal:

- A green light indicates Active input signal.
- A red light indicated Inactive input signal.

**HDCP**: For the inputs, select the **ON** (default) /**OFF** switch to enable/disable HDCP for that input.

3. Select the HDMI outputs:

Select the ON (default) /OFF switch to enable/disable the 1-8 / Loop outputs.

**Output Signal:** 

- A green light indicates Active input signal.
- A red light indicates Inactive input signal.
- No LED indicates no detection of Sink on output.

To learn how to configure the output settings, refer to <u>Configuring the</u> <u>Output Settings</u> on page <u>18</u>.

4. The selection is automatically saved.

An input is routed to the output.

**Setting Analog Audio Output Level** 

To set the audio output level:

- 1. Go to the Dashboard Landing page.
- 2. Set the audio level using the slider next to Analog Audio volume (dB, from -190 to 10).
- 3. Set the audio level using the slider next to Analog Audio Output Volume (dB, from 190 to 10).
- 4. Select the **ON** /**OFF Mute** switch to mute / unmute the Analog Audio Volume for all outputs.

Audio level is set.

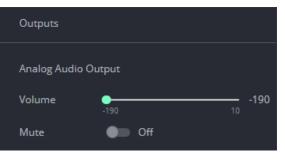


Figure 13: Setting Audio Output Level

# **AV Settings**

This section details the following actions:

- <u>Output Settings</u> on page <u>18</u>.
- <u>Auto Switching Properties</u> on page <u>19</u>.

### **Output Settings**

**Configuring the Output Settings** 

1. Go to the **AV Settings>Outputs** tab.

Outputs	Auto Switching
OUTPUT SETTINGS	
Auto Down Scale for non-4K displays	Off Off
Force RGB	Off Off
HDCP	Follow Input
	🔿 Always On
Auto Sleep Delay	On
No input signal (sec) Delay output 5V power-c	off for 300 \$

Figure 14: AV Settings>Outputs Tab

2. Perform the following actions:

Auto Down Scale for non-4K displays – **Enable** or **Disable** (default) the auto Down Scale mechanism.

When this mechanism is enabled, a 4K60 4:4:4 input signal will automatically (per output) downscale to the signal to 1080P.



Auto down scale mechanism is effective for systems with a mixture of displays supporting both 1080P and 4K60 4:4:4.

Force RGB – **Enable** or **Disable** (default). If the sink does not support YCbCr, select Enable to force the source to output in RGB color space.

HDCP – Select **Always On** keep HDCP enabled or **Follow Input** (default) to define the output HDCP setting according to the active input.

Auto Sleep Delay – When no input signal is detected, the display automatically goes into sleep mode, and output is set to off. When this setting is enabled (default), it delays sleep mode for an amount of time specified in the next setting.

- No input signal (sec) Delay output 5V power off for (active when Auto Sleep Delay is enabled) – Set the number of seconds (30 to 60,000 seconds; default = 900 seconds) after there is no signal detected, until the display goes into sleep mode.
- 3. Click Save / Cancel to Save / Cancel the configuration.

Output configurations are set.

#### **Auto Switching Properties**

Setting the AV Auto-Switching Policy

1. Go to the AV Settings>Auto Switching tab.

Last Connected V		
Manual		
Auto Scan		
Last Connected		
	Manual Auto Scan	Manual Auto Scan Last Connected

Figure 15: AV Settings>Auto Switching Tab

2. Next to the Switching Mode drop-down box, select the auto switching policy: **Manual**, **Auto Scan** or **Last Connected**.

For further details, refer to Flexible DA3-24-H Auto Switching Policy on page 9.

3. Click **Save / Cancel** to Save / Cancel the Auto Switching mode.

Switching policy is set.

# **Managing EDID**

DA3-28-H enables you to copy an EDID from several different sources to the inputs.

To copy the EDID to the inputs:

1. Go to the EDID Management page.

Output 1 KMR 1080p@60Hz Not Supported 3 channels	Ľ	Output 2 DEL 1080p@60Hz Not Supported 0 channels	<b>₹</b> 256 <b>⊞</b>	Output 3 KMR 1080p@60Hz Not Supported 3 channels	<b>₹</b> 256 <b>#</b>	Output 4 KMR 1080p@60Hz Not Supported 3 channels	256 🎟	Default KMR 2160p@60Hz 12 bit 2 channels	<b>₹</b>	Custom EDID KMR 2160p@60Hz 12 bit 2 channels
Output 5 KMR 1080p@60Hz Not Supported 3 channels	Ł	Output 6 DEL Unknow Not Supported 0 channels		Output 7 KMR 1080p@60Hz Not Supported 3 channels	¥	Output 8 KMR 2160p@60Hz 12 bit 2 channels				
STEP 2:COP		D TO DEST	TINAT	IONS(Acti	ve EDII	D)				
	uts	D TO DEST USB-C Input Default KMR 2160p@60Hz 12 bit 2 channels		IONS(Acti	ve EDII	D)				

Figure 16: EDID Management Page

2. Under Step 1, select the EDID source (the output, any of the inputs, default or custom EDID.

- 3. Under Step 2, select one or more inputs as the destination for copying the EDID.
- 4. Click COPY EDID.

The EDID is copied.

# **Setting Control Gateway Properties**

This section details the following actions:

- <u>Setting Serial Port Properties</u> on page <u>21</u>.
- Defining CEC Gateway Settings on page 22.
- <u>Configuring I/O (GPIO) Ports</u> on page <u>24</u>.

#### **Setting Serial Port Properties**

DA3-28-H enables configuring the RS-232 port in one of the following ways:

- <u>Controlling the DA3-28-H</u> on page <u>21.</u>
- <u>Controlling an External Device</u> on page <u>22</u>.

#### Controlling the DA3-28-H

To set the RS-232 port to control the device:

1. Go to the Gateway page. The RS-232 tab appears.

RS-232	CEC	Ю			
GATEWAY	Disabled				
Gateway Port					
Baud Rate	115200				
Data Bits					
Parity					
Stop Bits					
				Cancel	
				Cancel	Save

Figure 17: RS-232 Device Control

- 2. Next to GATEWAY, select Disabled.
- 3. Click SAVE.

RS-232 port controls the DA3-28-H.

**Controlling an External Device** 

Control an external device via an IP-connected Controller (for example **SL-240C** that is connected via LAN)

To set the RS-232 port to control an external device:

- 1. Go to the Gateway page. The RS-232 tab appears.
- 2. Next to Gateway select Enabled.

RS-232	CEC	Ю		
GATEWAY	Enabled			
Gateway Port	5100 🗘			
Baud Rate	115200			
Data Bits				
Parity	None			
Stop Bits				
			Cance	I Save

Figure 18: RS-232 as Gateway

- 3. Define the external device RS-232 settings (Gateway Port, Baud Rate, Data Bits, Parity and Stop Bits).
- 4. Click SAVE.

RS-232 port controls an external device.

#### **Defining CEC Gateway Settings**

DA3-28-H built-in CEC gateway enables IP control of control system, via CEC messages, on HDMI connected devices to the selected input and the output port. The Members address list shows the logical addresses of connected CEC-enabled devices.



By default, CEC gateway is enabled.

To disable CEC gateway feature:

1. In the navigation pane, select **Gateway**.

- 2. Select the CEC tab. The CEC Gateway page appears.
- 3. Click GATEWAY Off.



i

When Gateway is off, it serves as a passthrough from input to output of the HDMI CEC commands.

- 4. Select Output 1-8 using the Pass-through with drop-down list:
- 5. Enter CEC Command

You can view the logical addresses of CEC-enabled devices that are connected via HDMI output port to DA3-28-H.

6. Click Save.

	<b>CEC</b> 10
GATEWAY	Off Off
Gateway Port	
Pass-through with	Output 1, Output 2, Ob.c.
Members Address List	0
CEC Command	
	Cancel Save

Figure 19: CEC Gateway Enable/Disable Tab

CEC gateway is disabled.

To Enable CEC gateway feature:

- 1. In the navigation pane, select Gateway.
- 2. Select the **CEC** tab. The CEC Gateway page appears.
- 3. Select the HDMI port from the drop-down list to which CEC commands are sent:
  - HDMI Input (HDMI IN)
  - Output 1-8 (HDMI OUT)
- 4. Members Address List shows the logical addresses of connected CEC-enabled devices.
- 5. Enter the CEC command. Use hex format for the CEC command, up to 32 hex digits.

- 6. Click Send.
- 7. View the CEC-enabled device response.

### **Configuring I/O (GPIO) Ports**

The 2 I/O ports can control devices such as sensors, door locks, remote contact-closure buttons, audio volume and lighting control devices and can be configured via the webpages.

To configure an I/O port:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click Gateway. The IO tab appears.
- 2. Select the IO tab. The IO tab appears.

	CEC	10	
RS-232	CEC IO 1 PROPERTIES IO Type Pull-up resistor Threshold VDC range(mV) Read	Analog Input Digital Input Digital Output	
			Cancel Save

Figure 20: I/O Ports Settings Page

- 3. Select the I/O port to be configured (IO 1 to IO 2).
- 4. Select one of the following I/O types:

Digital Input (default setting) (see <u>Configuring a Digital Input I/O Type</u> on page <u>25</u>). Digital Output (see <u>Configuring a Digital Output I/O Type</u> on page <u>25</u>). Analog Input (see <u>Configuring an Analog Input I/O Type</u> on page <u>27</u>).

The settings available on the page change depending on which trigger type is selected.

5. Click **SAVE** after setting the selected I/O type.

Configuring a Digital Input I/O Type

The Digital Input trigger mode reads the digital input of an external sensor device that is connected to the I/O port. It detects High (upon passing Max threshold from Low state) or Low (upon passing Min threshold from High state) port states according to the user defined voltage threshold levels.

To configure a digital input I/O type:

- On the GPIO page, select **Digital Input** next to I/O Type. The Digital Input options appear (<u>Figure 31</u>).
- 2. Select one of the following for the Pull-up resistor setting:

#### Disabled

Suitable, for example, for a high temperature alarm that exceeds the maximum voltage threshold. When the pull-up resistor is disabled, the port state is low and to be triggered it must be pulled high by the externally connected sensor.

**Enabled** – Detection of an open circuit as High, or a short to ground as Low. This is suitable for example, for a pushbutton switch (connecting one terminal of the switch to ground, and the other to the input) or for an alarm closing a circuit that activates a series of actions. When the pull-up resistor is enabled, the port state is high, and to be triggered it must be pulled low by the externally connected sensor.

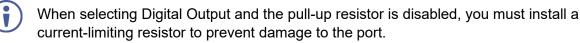
- 3. Set the Threshold VDC Low and High Range (threshold voltage at which the port changes state).
- 4. Click **Read** to refresh port status information.
- 5. Click SAVE.

Digital input I/O type is configured.

#### Configuring a Digital Output I/O Type

To configure a digital output I/O type:

1. On the GPIO page, select Digital Output next to I/O type.



2. Click **OK**. The Digital Output options appear.

	CEC	<u>IO</u>
IO 1	IO 1 PROPERTIES	
IO 2	Ю Туре	Analog Input Digital Input Digital
	Pull-up resistor	Output Disabled
	Current Status	O Low ○ High
		Cancel Save

Figure 21: GPIO Settings Page – Digital Output I/O Type

3. Select one of the following for the Pull-up resistor setting:

#### Pullup resistor set to **Enabled**:

The port can be used for controlling devices that accept a TTL signal such as for powering LEDs. The voltage output is TTL positive logic: high: >2.4V; low: < 0.5V. When the pull-up resistor is enabled, the port state is high. For the state to be low, you must select **Low** for the Current Status.

#### Pullup resistor **Disabled**:

The port is used for controlling external devices such as room or light switches. The external source device determines the voltage output; the maximum voltage is 30V DC and the maximum current is 100mA.

When the pull-up resistor is disabled, the port state is low. For the state to be high, select **High** for the Current Status.

Make sure that the current in this configuration does not exceed 100mA.

#### 4. Click SAVE.

Digital Output I/O type is configured.

Configuring an Analog Input I/O Type

When selectin the Analog Input I/O type, the port is triggered by an external analog device, such as a volume control device. The trigger is activated once when the detected voltage is within the 0 to 30V DC voltage range.

To configure an analog input I/O type:

1. On the GPIO page, select Analog Input next to I/O type.

RS-232	CEC	IO
IO 1	IO 1 PROPERTIES	
IO 2	Ю Туре	Analog input Digital Input Digital
	Report Steps	Output €
	Read	
		Cancel Save

Figure 22: GPIO Port Settings Page Analog Input

- Enter or use the arrows to scroll to a value (1–100) for the Maximum reported steps. This value is the number of steps that the analog input signal is divided into. To calculate the voltage of each step, use the following formula: Voltage of one step = 30V / number of steps.
- 3. Click **SAVE**.

Analog input I/O type is configured.

# **Setting Device Properties**

This section details the following actions:

- Device Profile and Maintenance on page <u>28</u>.
- <u>Settings Networking</u> Properties on page <u>30</u>.
- <u>Setting Time and Date</u> on page <u>31</u>.

### **Device Profile and Maintenance**

#### **Changing Device Name**

DA3-28-H enables you to change the DNS name of the device.

#### To change the device name:

1. Go to the Device Settings > General page.

General	Network	Time & Date
Device Name	DA3-28-H-001	9
Model Name	DA3-28-H	
Serial Number	112400012000	119
Firmware Version	1.06	Upgrade
Internal Temperature	● 40°C	
Device Restart Factory Reset		
Device Configuration	Export	

Figure 23: Device Settings> General Page

2. Under General, change the device name and click SAVE.

The device name is changed.

#### **Upgrading Firmware**

To upgrade the device firmware:

- 1. Go to the Device Settings> General page (Figure 24).
- 2. Under General, click **Upgrade**, open the relevant firmware file, and follow the instructions. The upgrade takes approximately 30-60 seconds.
  - During FW upgrade, the device continues to operate, but the device UI and protocol 3000 communication are inactive. When device restarts, the status LED is lit, and HDMI output signal is disconnected until restart completes.

Firmware is updated.

Firmware Upgrade		
1 Uploading (Firmware) ————	2 Upgrading	3 Restarting

Figure 24: Firmware Upgrade Process

#### **Resetting and Restarting Device**

Two types of resets can be performed:

- Device Restart Reboots your device and keeps all your device settings, including the IP address and password.
- Factory Reset Reboots your device and restores all factory settings including input/output definitions, switching configuration, IP address and password (a DHCPacquired IP address is retained).

To restart the device:

Click DEVICE RESTART on the Device Settings> General page (Figure 24).

To perform a factory reset on the device, use one of the following actions:

Click FACTORY RESET on the Device Settings> General page (Figure 24).

Using protocol 3000 commands, send FACTORY command then RESET commands.

On the rear panel, press and hold the RESET button while connecting the power for several seconds.

**Exporting and Importing a Configuration File** 

**DA3-28-H** enables you to export and store (in connected browsing PC storage) a configuration file, that records all current device settings except the routing operation setup. The stored file can then be imported to the same or different **DA3-28-H** device to load the recorded settings, for configuration backup and/or solution-replication purposes.

#### **Exporting a Configuration File**

To export a configuration file of the current device settings:

- 1. Go to the Device Settings> General page (Figure 24).
- 2. Under Device Configuration, click **EXPORT**.
- 3. Select the storage location on your computer to save the configuration file and click **SAVE**.

The configuration file is exported and saved.

To import a configuration file of the current device settings:

- 1. Go to the Device Settings> General page (Figure 24).
- 2. Under Device Configuration, click IMPORT.
- 3. Select the relevant configuration file from your computer storage and click SAVE.

The configuration file is imported and the device restarts with the settings from the configuration file.

#### **Settings Networking Properties**

By default, DHCP is set to on. The IP address shows the actual IP address acquired from the DHCP server, or the auto-acquired fallback IP address when there is no DHCP server detection.

To configure network settings:

- 1. Go to the Device Settings> General page (Figure 24).
- 2. Select the Network tab.

The network page appears.

General	Network	Time a	General	Network	Tir
DHCP	Cn		DHCP	Off	
Device MAC Address	00-1D-56-0C-72-55		Device MAC Address	00-1D-56-0C-72-55	
IP Address	192.168.1.39		IP Address	192.168.1.39	
Mask Address	255.255.0.0		Mask Address	255.255.255.0	
DNS Primary	0.0.0		DNS Primary		
DNS Secondary	0.0.0.0		DNS Secondary		
Gateway Address	192.168.1.1		Gateway Address	192.168.1.1	
Ethernet via USB-C	Cn On		Ethernet via USB-C	Cn	
USB-C MAC Address	00-1D-56-0C-72-56		USB-C MAC Address	00-1D-56-0C-72-56	

Figure 25: Device Settings > Network Page (DHCP On/DHCP Off)

3. Change settings as needed.

If required, Set to **DHCP** (default) or static IP address resolution modes.

- 4. When in Static IP mode, perform the following actions:
  - Change the IP address.
  - Change the Mask address.
  - Enter the DNS Primary.

- Enter DNS Secondary.
- Change the Gateway address.

Network settings are defined.

#### **Setting Time and Date**

You can sync the device time and date to any server around the world.

To sync device time and date to a server:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Device Settings**. The General tab in the Device page appears.
- 2. Select the Time and Date tab. The Time and Date tab appears.

		Time & Date		
Date	05/01/2022			
Time	12:09:55			
Time Zone	+00:00 UTC			
Use Time Server (NTP)	Off			
Time Server Address	us.pool.ntp.org			
Server Status	Unreachable			

Figure 26: Device Settings - Time and Date Tab

- 3. Set the Date and Time.
- 4. Select the Time Location.
- 5. In the Use Time Server (NTP) drop-down box, click:
  - **Disabled** to disable the time server.
  - Manual to enable time server (NTP).
- 6. If enabled, type in server information:
  - Enter the time server address.
- 7. Click **SAVE** for any change.

The devices date and time are synchronized to the server address entered.

# Security

# **Setting Security Properties**

This section details the following actions:

- <u>Changing Security Status</u> on page <u>32</u>.
- <u>Defining 802.1X Authentication</u> on page <u>34</u>.

#### **Changing Security Status**

By default, security status is set to On.

Setting Security Status to Off

To set security status to Off:

- 1. Go to the Security page.
- 2. Select the Device Security tab. The Security settings appears (Figure 37).

Device Security	HTTPS		802.1X	
SECURITY STATUS		Cn On		
Password				Change

Figure 27: Security – Device Security Tab

3. Set SECURITY STATUS to Off. The Security Status window appears.

Security Status Would you like to disable security?						
Enter password to disable the security.						
ОК						

Figure 28: Security Status Message

- 4. Enter the current password.
- 5. Click **OK**.

Security status is set to Off.

#### Setting Security Status to On

To set security status to on:

- 1. Go to the Security >Device Security (Figure 28).).
- 2. Set SECURITY STATUS to On.

Security status is set to On.

#### **Changing Web Pages Access Password**

To change the password for accessing the embedded web pages:

- 1. Go to the Security page (Figure 28).
- 2. Select the Device Security Tab. The Security settings appear (Figure 30).
- 3. Enter the Current Password and click Change. The new password settings appear.

New Password	
Confirm New Password	
SAVE NEW PASSWORD	

Figure 29: Device Settings – Changing the Password

4. Enter the new password and confirmation password and click SAVE.

The password is changed.

### **Configuring HTTPS**

To configure HTTPS:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click Security. The Device Security tab appears (Figure 28).
- 2. Select HTTPS tab.

Device Security	нттрѕ		802.1X	
HTTPS STATUS		Off		
Internal Certificate		0		
Server Certificate				
				6

Figure 30: Security – HTTPS Tab

- 3. For HTTPS server, click **ON** to enable HTTPS authentication service (default) or **Off** to disable HTTPS authentication.
- 4. When set to ON check one of the following settings:
  - Internal Certificate To use the factory default certificate for authentication.

Click to view certificate info:

Certificate Info				×
Subject	Issuer	Valid from	Valid to	
kramerav.local	kramerav	2024/08/26	2034/08/24	

Figure 31: Security – Certificate Info

Server Certificate – To submit certificate from the server for authentication. To do so, click to i upload the certificate. enter the private key password (assigned by the IT administrator) and click Save.

Device Security HTTPS	802.1X
HTTPS STATUS	On Please note: using HTTF
O Internal Certificate	0
Server Certificate	
Upload Certificate	kramer_tls.pem
Private Key Password	

Figure 32: Security Tab – Server Certificate

HTTPS is configured.

#### **Defining 802.1X Authentication**

802.1x security standard supports IT networking authentication based on LAN port and MAC address.

To configure security:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Security**. The Security settings tab in the Security page appears.
- 2. Select 802.1X tab. The 802.1X settings tab appears (Figure 34).

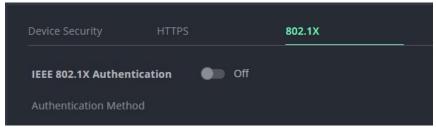


Figure 33: 802.1X Tab

- 3. For 802.1x authentication, click **ON** to enable 802.1x authentication service. 802.1x supports authentication based on port and MAC address.
- 4. When set to ON check one standard authentication method to set its security attributes.

#### PEAP-MSCHAP V2- Enter:

- Username up to 24 alphanumeric characters, including "\_" and "-" characters within the username, and
- Password up to 24 ASCII characters

Device Security	HTTPS	802.1X
IEEE 802.1X Authenticati	ion 🛑 On	
Authentication Method		
EAP-MSCHAP V2		
Username*	default_username	
Password*		
C EAP-TLS		

Figure 34: Security Tab – EAP-MSCHAP V2 Authentication

**EAP-TLS** – To submit certificate from the server for authentication:

- Enter Username,
- Click 🔟 to upload the certificates and keys,
- Enter the private key password (assigned by IT administrator),
- Set Server Certificate On.

EAP-TLS	
Username*	
Client Certificate*	
Private Key*	8
Private key password	

Figure 35: EAP-TLS – Certificates and Password

#### Server Certificate

CA Certificate – Upload certificate (PEM file) to the Radius server for authentication:



The RADIUS server is responsible for handling authentication requests from network access devices and verifying user credentials against a database

**Server Certificate** –Click to set server certificate to on/off. When it is set to on, users need to submit a CA certificate for authentication.

To submit a CA Certificate from the server:

- 1. Set Server Certificate On
- 2. Click 1 to upload the certificate

Server Certificate  🚺	On	
CA Certificate*		

Figure 36: CA – Certificate

5. Click Save.

802.1x authentication security is configured.

## **Viewing the About Page**

View the firmware version and Kramer Electronics Ltd details in the About page.

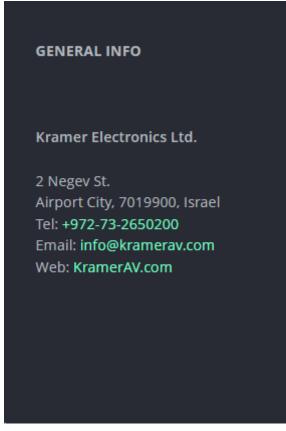


Figure 37: About Page

# **Technical Specifications**

	1 HDMI input		HDMI fema	le connectors
	1 USB-C input		UBS-C connectors	
Video Ports	4 HDMI outputs	DA3-24-H		
	8 HDMI outputs DA3-28-H			le connectors
	1 HDMI local outpu	ut	HDMI fema	le connector
	1 1000BaseT Ethe	rnet	RJ-45 fema extension	le connector for LAN connection &
Ports	Analog Audio		5-pin R-L a	nalog audio output
	IO		2-pin termir	al block connectors
	2 RS-232		3-pin termir	al block connectors
	Max Bandwidth		18Gbps (60	Sbps per graphic channel)
Video	Max Resolution		4K@60Hz 4	1:4:4 24bpp resolution
VIGEO	Content Protection	l	HDCP 2.3	
	Compliance		HDMI 2.0b	
	Web-UI Communication		HTTPS	
Coourity (	User Access		Multiple roles and credentials	
Security	IT LAN Authentication		802.1x	
	Penetration Protect	tion Certification	OWASP-10	
	Source		24 VDC	
Power	Max Consumption	Marchan		76W
Power	Max Consumption		DA3-28-H	79W
	Max Power Provid	ing Per HDMI Port	2.5W (5V@	0.5A)
En line un entel	Operating Temperating	ature	0° to +40°C	(32° to 104°F)
Environmental Conditions	Storage Temperate	ure	-40° to +70°C (-40° to 158°F)	
Conditions	Humidity		10% to 90%, RHL non-condensing	
Regulatory	Safety		CE, FCC, U	IL
Compliance	Environmental		RoHs, WEE	E
	Туре		Half-U 19"	
Enclosure	Туре		Aluminum	
	Cooling		Low noise f	an
Accessories	Included		Power adap	ptor
Specifications are	subject to change wit	hout notice at <u>www.</u>	kramerav.com	<u> </u>

## **Default Communication Parameters**



## Important: The unit's factory default EDID is set to a 4K60 4:4:4 capable display.

RS-232				
Baud Rate:		115,200		
Data Bits:		8		
Stop Bits:		1		
Parity:		None		
Command Format:		ASCII		
Example (Route video inp	out 2 to the output):	#ROUTE_1,1,2 <cr></cr>		
IP DHCP ON				
To reset the IP settings to to confirm	o the factory reset values go to: Menu->Setup	-> Factory Reset-> press Enter		
IP Address:	192.168.1.39			
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0			
Default gateway:	192.168.0.1			
Default username:	Admin			
Default password:	Admin			
Full Factory Reset				
РЗК	"#FACTORY" command.			
	After receiving "FACTORY OK" perform one of the following to restart the device and complete the procedure:			
	Power cycle			
	Send command "#RESET"			
Embedded webpages	Go to: Device Settings>General and click F	ACTORY RESET		

# Protocol 3000

Kramer devices can be operated using Kramer Protocol 3000 commands sent via serial or Ethernet ports.

## **Understanding Protocol 3000**

Protocol 3000 commands are a sequence of ASCII letters, structured according to the following.

#### Command format:

Prefix	Command Name	Constant (Space)	Parameter(s)	Suffix
#	Command	ſ	Parameter	<cr></cr>

#### Feedback format:

Prefix	Device ID	Constant	Command Name	Parameter(s)	Suffix
~	nn	Q	Command	Parameter	<cr><lf></lf></cr>

- **Command parameters** Multiple parameters must be separated by a comma (,). In addition, multiple parameters can be grouped as a single parameter using brackets ([ and ]).
- **Command chain separator character** Multiple commands can be chained in the same string. Each command is delimited by a pipe character (|).
- **Parameters attributes** Parameters may contain multiple attributes. Attributes are indicated with pointy brackets (<...>) and must be separated by a period (.).

The command framing varies according to how you interface with SWT3-41-H. The following figure displays how the # command is framed using terminal communication software (such as Hercules):

Second Sector will be the second seco		-		×
UDP Setup Serial TCP Client TCP Server UDP Test Mode About				
Received/Sent data				
Connecting to 192.168.110.54 Connected to 192.168.110.54 #~01@ OK	Module IP 192.168.1	10.54	Port 5000	
	Ping	,	🗙 Discor	nnect
	TEA autho TEA key 1: 0102 2: 0506	:0304 3	: 0904080 : 000E0F	
	Authorizati	on code		æ
	PortStore			
		leceived <u>t</u>	est data	
	E Redirec	t to UDP		
Send ## <cr>     Example 1 HEX</cr>	Send	HI	<b>V</b> gro	
	Send	ww0.	HW-group.	com
☐ HEX	Send		es SETUP ( Version 3	

## **Protocol 3000 Commands**

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
#	Protocol handshaking.	COMMAND		# <cr></cr>
-	-	# <cr></cr>		
	Validates the	FEEDBACK		
	Protocol 3000 connection and gets	~nn@_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	the machine number.			
	Step-in master			
	products use this			
	command to identify the availability of a			
AUD-LVL	device. Set volume level.	COMMAND	io mode -	Set AUDIO OUT level
		<b>#AUD-LVL_</b> io_mode,io_index,vol_level <cr></cr>	1 – Output	to -50.0dB:
		FEEDBACK	io_index - 1	<b>#AUD-LVL_1</b> ,1,- 50.0 <b><cr></cr></b>
		<pre>~nn@AUD-LVL_io_mode,io_index,vol_level<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	vol_level - Volume level -190db to 10dB:	50.0 <b>CR</b> >
			++ (increase current value by 1dB);	
AUD-LVL?	Get volume level.	COMMAND	(decrease current value by 1dB)	Get AUDIO OUT level:
		<b>#AUD-LVL?</b> io_mode,io_index <cr></cr>	1 – Output	#AUD-LVL?_1,1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	io_index - 1 vol level - Volume level -190db to	
		~nn@AUD-LVL_io_mode,io_index,vol_level <cr><lf></lf></cr>	10dB;	
AUTO-DOWN-	Enable 4K to	COMMAND	scale mode - auto-scaling	Set auto-downscaling:
SCALE	1080P auto-	#AUTO-DOWN-SCALE_scale mode <cr></cr>	mode:	#AUTO-DOWN-
	downscaling		0 – Disable auto-downscaling	SCALE_1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	1 – Enable auto-downscaling	
		~nn@AUTO-DOWN-SCALE_scale_mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
AUTO-DOWN-	Get 4K to 1080P	COMMAND	<pre>scale_mode - auto-scaling mode:</pre>	Get auto-downscaling
SCALE?	auto-downscaling	#AUTO-DOWN-SCALE?_ <cr></cr>	0 – Auto-downscaling disabled	mode:
	mode setting	FEEDBACK	1 – Auto-downscaling enabled	#AUTO-DOWN- SCALE?_ <cr></cr>
		~nn@AUTO-DOWN-SCALE_scale_mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>		SUALE ! CR>
AV-SW-MODE	Set input auto switch	COMMAND	layer_type - Number that indicates	Set the input audio switch
	mode (per output).	<b>#AV-SW-MODE_</b> layer_type,out_index,connection_mode <cr></cr>	the signal type:	mode to Manual for HDMI
		FEEDBACK	1 – Video 2 – Audio	OUT: #AV-SW-MODE_1,1,0 <cr></cr>
		~nn@AV-SW-MODE_layer_type,out_index,connection_mode <c< td=""><td>out index - 1</td><td>#AV-SW-MODE_1,1,0\CK</td></c<>	out index - 1	#AV-SW-MODE_1,1,0\CK
		R> <lf></lf>	connection mode - Connection	
			mode	
			0 – manual	
			1–auto scan 2– last connected switch	
AV-SW-MODE?	Get input auto switch	COMMAND	layer type – Number that indicates	Get the input audio switch
AV-SW-MODE ?	mode (per output).	#AV-SW-MODE? layer type, out index <cr></cr>	the signal type:	mode for HDMI OUT:
		FEEDBACK	1 – Video	#AV-SW-MODE?_1,1 <cr></cr>
		<pre>~nn@AV-SW-MODE_layer type,out index,connection mode<c< pre=""></c<></pre>	2 – Audio	
		R> <lf></lf>	<pre>out_index - 1 connection mode - Connection</pre>	
			mode	
			0 – manual	
			1 – auto scan	
			2-last connected switch	<b>0</b>
AV-SW- TIMEOUT	Set auto switching timeout.	COMMAND	<pre>switching_mode - Switching mode 4 - Disable 5V on video output if no</pre>	Set the auto switching timeout to 5 seconds in the
TIMEOUT	uncout.	#AV-SW-TIMEOUT_switching_mode,time_out <cr></cr>	input signal detected	event of 5V disable when no
		FEEDBACK	time_out - Timeout in seconds	input signal is detected:
		<pre>~nn@AV-SW-TIMEOUT_switching_mode,time_out<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	time_out - Timeout in seconds	#AV-SW-TIMEOUT_4,5 <cr< td=""></cr<>
			0 – 900 0 – off	>
			1 –4 Prohibit	
			5-900 – normal	
AV-SW-	Get auto switching	COMMAND	<pre>switching_mode - Switching mode</pre>	Get the auto switching
TIMEOUT?	timeout.	#AV-SW-TIMEOUT?_switching_mode <cr></cr>	4 – Disable 5V on video output if no input signal detected	timeout in the event of 5V disable when no input signal
		FEEDBACK	time out - Timeout in seconds	is detected:
		~nn@AV-SW-TIMEOUT_switching_mode,time_out <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0 - 900	#AV-SW-TIMEOUT?_4 <cr></cr>
			0 – off	
			1 –4 Prohibit	
BUILD-DATE?	Get device build date.	COMMAND	5-900 – normal date – Format: YYYY/MM/DD where	Get the device build date:
BUILD-DATE?	Get device build date.	COMMAND #BUILD-DATE?_ <cr></cr>	YYYY = Year	BUILD-DATE? <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	MM = Month	
		<pre>rn@BUILD-DATE_date,time<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	DD = Day	
			time - Format: hh:mm:ss where hh = hours	
			mm = minutes	
			ss = seconds	
		COMMAND	state - Global gateway activation	Activate CEC for the
CEC-GW-PORT-	Set the CEC activation		state:	HDBaseT port as a
CEC-GW-PORT- ACTIVE	Set the CEC activation state.	#CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE_state <cr></cr>	0	
		#CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE_state <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	<ul> <li>0 – as a passthrough</li> <li>1 – as a gateway</li> </ul>	passthrough:
			<ul> <li>0 – as a passthrough</li> <li>1 – as a gateway</li> </ul>	passthrough: #CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE_ 1 <cr></cr>
ACTIVE	state.	FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE_ state <cr><lf>'</lf></cr>	o 1 – as a gateway	#CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE 1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE_ state <cr><lf>'</lf></cr>	<ul> <li>1 – as a gateway</li> <li>com_id – Machine dependent, * (get all route tunnels)</li> </ul>	#CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE
ACTIVE	Set tunneling port routing.	FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE_ state <cr><lf>'</lf></cr>	<ul> <li>1 – as a gateway</li> <li>com_id – Machine dependent, * (get all route tunnels) port_type – TCP/UDP</li> </ul>	#CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE_ 1 <cr> Get tunneling port routing</cr>
ACTIVE	Set tunneling port routing. (1) This command sets	FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE_ state <cr><lf>' COMMAND #COM-ROUTE_com_id,port_type,port_id,eth_rep_en,ping_v</lf></cr>	<ul> <li>1 – as a gateway</li> <li>com_id – Machine dependent, * (get all route tunnels)</li> <li>port_type – TCP/UDP</li> <li>0 – TCP</li> </ul>	#CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE_ 1 <cr> Get tunneling port routing for all route tunnels:</cr>
ACTIVE	Set tunneling port routing.	FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE_ state <cr><lf>' COMMAND #COM-ROUTE_com_id,port_type,port_id,eth_rep_en,ping_v al <cr></cr></lf></cr>	<ul> <li>1 – as a gateway</li> <li>com_id – Machine dependent, * (get all route tunnels) port_type – TCP/UDP</li> </ul>	#CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE_ 1 <cr> Get tunneling port routing for all route tunnels:</cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
	send or receive data	Syntax	0 – COM port does not send replies	
	from the ETH port.		to new clients	
	Set command can edit an existing configuration.		ping_val - Send an empty string to TCP client every 0 to 3600 seconds. 0 - 3600	
COM-ROUTE?	Get tunneling port	COMMAND	com_id - Machine dependent, * (get	Get tunneling port routing
	routing.	#COM-ROUTE?_com_id <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	all route tunnels) port type - TCP/UDP	for all route tunnels: #COM-ROUTE?_* <cr></cr>
	This command sets tunneling port routing.	<pre>recoded a com id, port_type, port_id, eth_rep_en, pin</pre>	0-TCP port_id-TCP/UDP port number	
	Every com port can send or receive data	g_val <cr><lf></lf></cr>	eth_rep_en - Ethernet Reply	
	from the ETH port.		0 – COM port does not send replies to new clients	
	Set command can edit		<pre>ping_val - Send an empty string to</pre>	
	an existing configuration.		TCP client every 0 to 3600 seconds. 0 - 3600	
CPEDID	Copy EDID data from the output to the input	COMMAND #CPEDID_edid io,src id,edid io,dest bitmap <cr></cr>	<pre>edid_io - EDID source type (usually output)</pre>	Copy the EDID data from the HDBaseT Output to the
	EEPROM.	or	1 – Óutput	HDMI Input:
	Destination bitmap	<pre>#CPEDID_edid_io,src_id,edid_io,dest_bitmap,safe_mode&lt;</pre>	<pre>src_id - Number of chosen source stage</pre>	#CPEDID_1,1,0,0x1 <cr></cr>
	size depends on device properties (for	CR> FEEDBACK	1– HDMI1 2– HDMI2	
	64 inputs it is a 64-bit word).	<pre>~nn@CPEDID_edid_io,src_id,edid_io,dest_bitmap<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	3– HDMI2	
	Example: bitmap	<pre>~nn@CPEDID_edid_io,src_id,edid_io,dest_bitmap,safe_mo de<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	4 – HDMI4 5 – HDMI5	
	0x0013 means inputs		6– HDMI6	
	1,2 and 5 are loaded with the new EDID.		7 – HDMI7 8 – HDMI8	
	In certain products		9 – HDMI8 9 – Custom	
	Safe_mode is an optional parameter.		10 – Default edid io – EDID destination type	
	See the HELP		0-Input	
	command for its availability.		<pre>dest_bitmap - HDMI(0x01)/USBC(0x02)/HDMI+USBC</pre>	
			(0x03)	Fuchly fames DOD calor
CS-CONVERT	Set the "force RGB color space" convert	COMMAND #CS-CONVERT_out index,cs mode <cr></cr>	<pre>out_index - The port number: 1 cs_mode - color space mode:</pre>	Enable force RGB color space:
	mode.	FEEDBACK	<ul> <li>0 – Color space pass (default)</li> <li>1 – Enable "force RGB color</li> </ul>	#CS-CONVERT_1,1 <cr></cr>
		~nn@CS-CONVERT_out_index,cs_mode <cr><lf>'</lf></cr>	space" convert mode	
CS-CONVERT?	Get the "force RGB color space" convert	COMMAND #CS-CONVERT?_out index <cr></cr>	out_index – The port number: 1 cs_mode – color space mode:	Get force RGB color space mode:
	mode.	FEEDBACK	<ul> <li>0 – Color space pass (default)</li> </ul>	#CS-CONVERT?_1 <cr></cr>
		~nn@CS-CONVERT_out_index,cs_mode <cr><lf>'</lf></cr>	<ul> <li>1 – Enable "force RGB color space" convert mode</li> </ul>	
DISPLAY?	Get output HPD	COMMAND	<pre>out_index - Number that indicates the specific output:</pre>	Get the output HPD status
	status			
	status.	<pre>#DISPLAY?_out_index<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></pre>	1	of Output 1: #DISPLAY?_1 <cr></cr>
	status.	<pre>#DISPLAY?_out_index<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>		
ETH-PORT	Set Ethernet port	FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status <cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8) port_type - TCP	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr> Set the Ethernet port</cr>
eth-port	Set Ethernet port protocol.	FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8)	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr> Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP,12457<c< td=""></c<></cr>
ETH-PORT	Set Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in	FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status <cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr></cr></lf></cr>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8) port_type - TCP port_id - TCP port number	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr> Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457:</cr>
ETH-PORT	Set Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned.	FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status <cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8) port_type - TCP port_id - TCP port number	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr> Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP,12457<c< td=""></c<></cr>
ETH-PORT	Set Ethernet port protocol. (1) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following	FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status <cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8) port_type - TCP port_id - TCP port number	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr> Set the Ethernet pot protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP,12457<c< td=""></c<></cr>
	Set Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1).	FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status <cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8) port_type - TCP port_id - TCP port number (5000-5099)	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr> Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP,12457<c r=""></c></cr>
	Set Ethernet port protocol. (1) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following	FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status <cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8) port_type - TCP port_id - TCP port number (5000-5099) port_type - TCP/UDP port_id - TCP/UDP	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr> Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP,12457<c r=""> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP:</c></cr>
ETH-PORT ETH-PORT?	Set Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number	<pre>FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT?_port_type<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></pre>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8) port_type - TCP port_id - TCP port number (5000-5099) port_type - TCP/UDP	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr> Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP,12457<c r=""> Get the Ethernet port</c></cr>
	Set Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port protocol.	FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status <cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT?_port_type<cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8) port_type - TCP port_id - TCP port number (5000-5099) port_type - TCP/UDP port_id - TCP/UDP	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr> Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP,12457<c r=""> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP:</c></cr>
	Set Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned.	<pre>FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT?_port_type<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></pre>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8) port_type - TCP port_id - TCP port number (5000-5099) port_type - TCP/UDP port_id - TCP/UDP	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr> Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP,12457<c r=""> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP:</c></cr>
	Set Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following	<pre>FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT?_port_type<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></pre>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8) port_type - TCP port_id - TCP port number (5000-5099) port_type - TCP/UDP port_id - TCP/UDP	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr> Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP,12457<c r=""> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP:</c></cr>
	Set Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Reset device to factory	FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status <cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8) port_type - TCP port_id - TCP port number (5000-5099) port_type - TCP/UDP port_id - TCP/UDP	<pre>#DISPLAY?_l<cr> Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP,12457<c r=""> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_UDP<cr> Reset the device to factory</cr></c></cr></pre>
ETH-PORT?	Set Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Reset device to factory default configuration.	FEEDBACK         ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status <cr><lf>         COMMAND         #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr>         FEEDBACK         ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr>         #ETH-PORT?_port_type         FEEDBACK         ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr>         #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr>         FEEDBACK         ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr>         FEEDBACK         ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8) port_type - TCP port_id - TCP port number (5000-5099) port_type - TCP/UDP port_id - TCP/UDP	<pre>#DISPLAY?_1<cr> Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP,12457<c r=""> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_UDP<cr></cr></c></cr></pre>
ETH-PORT?	Set Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Reset device to factory default configuration. (i) This command	FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status <cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8) port_type - TCP port_id - TCP port number (5000-5099) port_type - TCP/UDP port_id - TCP/UDP	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr> Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP,12457<c r=""> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_UDP<cr> Reset the device to factory default configuration:</cr></c></cr>
ETH-PORT?	Set Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Reset device to factory default configuration. (i) This command deletes all user data from the device. The	<pre>FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr> FEEDBACK COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf> COMMAND #FACTORY_cR&gt; FEEDBACK COMMAND #FACTORY<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></pre>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8) port_type - TCP port_id - TCP port number (5000-5099) port_type - TCP/UDP port_id - TCP/UDP	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr> Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP,12457<c r=""> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_UDP<cr> Reset the device to factory default configuration:</cr></c></cr>
ETH-PORT?	Set Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Reset device to factory default configuration. (i) This command deletes all user data	<pre>FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr> FEEDBACK COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf> COMMAND #FACTORY_cR&gt; FEEDBACK COMMAND #FACTORY<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></pre>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8) port_type - TCP port_id - TCP port number (5000-5099) port_type - TCP/UDP port_id - TCP/UDP	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr> Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP,12457<c r=""> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_UDP<cr> Reset the device to factory default configuration:</cr></c></cr>
ETH-PORT?	Set Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1). Reset device to factory default configuration. (i) This command deletes all user data from the device. The deletion can take	<pre>FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr> FEEDBACK COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf> COMMAND #FACTORY_cR&gt; FEEDBACK COMMAND #FACTORY<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></pre>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8) port_type - TCP port_id - TCP port number (5000-5099) port_type - TCP/UDP port_id - TCP/UDP	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr> Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP,12457<c r=""> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_UDP<cr> Reset the device to factory default configuration:</cr></c></cr>
ETH-PORT?	Set Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2×16-1). Get Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2×16-1). Reset device to factory default configuration. (i) This command deletes all user data from the device. The deletion can take some time.	<pre>FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status<cr><lf> COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr> FEEDBACK COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf> COMMAND #FACTORY_cR&gt; FEEDBACK COMMAND #FACTORY<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></pre>	1 HDMI1(1)/HDMI2(2)/HDMI3(3)/HDMI4( 4)/HDMI5(5)/HDMI6(6)/HDMI7(7)/HDMI 8(8) port_type - TCP port_id - TCP port number (5000-5099) port_type - TCP/UDP port_id - TCP/UDP	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr> Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP,12457<c r=""> Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_UDP<cr> Reset the device to factory default configuration:</cr></c></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
GEDID	Set EDID support on	COMMAND	io_mode - Input/Output	Set EDID support
	certain input/output. (i) For old devices	<pre>#GEDID_io_mode,in_index<cr></cr></pre>	0 – Input 1 – Output	information for input 1: #GEDID_0, 1 <cr></cr>
	that do not support this	FEEDBACK ~nn@GEDID_io mode,in index,size,edid string <cr><lf></lf></cr>	2- Default EDID	
	command, ~nn@ERR 002 <cr><lf> is</lf></cr>		3 – Custom EDID	
	received.		in_index – Number that indicates the specific input:	
			Input(0): 1-2/Output(1): 1-8/Default	
			EDID(2):1/Custom EDID(3): 1 size - Size of data to be sent from	
			device, 0 means no EDID support	
075750	Get EDID support on	COMMAND	edid_string - EDID content io mode - Input/Output	Get EDID support
GEDID?	certain input/output.	#GEDID?_io mode, in index <cr></cr>	0– Input	information for input 1:
	<ul> <li>For old devices that do not support this</li> </ul>	FEEDBACK	1 – Output	#GEDID_0,1 <cr></cr>
	command, ~nn@ERR	<pre>~nn@GEDID_io_mode,in_index,size,edid_string<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	2 – Default EDID 3 – Custom EDID	
	002 <cr><lf> is received.</lf></cr>		in_index - Number that indicates the	
	i oconodi.		<pre>specific input: Input(0): 1-2/Output(1): 1-8/Default</pre>	
			EDID(2):1/Custom EDID(3): 1	
			size – Size of data to be sent from device, 0 means no EDID support	
			edid_string - EDID content	
GPIO-CFG	Set HW GPIO	COMMAND	gpio_id – Hardware GPIO number (1-	Set HW GPIO 1
	configuration.	<pre>#GPIO-CFG_gpio_id,gpio_type,gpio_dir,pullup<cr></cr></pre>	2) gpio type – Hardware GPIO type	configuration: #GPIO-CFG_1,1,1,1,1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK ~nn@GPIO-CFG_gpio id,gpio type,gpio dir <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0 – analog	" <u>-</u> -,-,-,
		"Ingerio-cre_gpio_id,gpio_type,gpio_dii (ck/ le/	1 – digital	
			<pre>gpio_dir - Hardware GPIO direction Analog(0): input(0)</pre>	
			Digital(1): input(0)/Output(1)	
			pullup – Enable/Disable pull-up 0 – disable	
			1 – enable	
GPIO-CFG?	Get HW GPIO	COMMAND	gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1-	Get HW GPIO configuration:
	configuration.	#GPIO-CFG?_gpio_id <cr></cr>	2) gpio type – Hardware GPIO type	#GPIO-CFG?_1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK ~nn@GPIO-CFG_gpio_id,gpio_type,gpio_dir <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0 – analog	
			1 – digital gpio dir – Hardware GPIO direction	
			Analog(0): input(0)	
			Digital(1): input(0)/Output(1)	
			pullup – Enable/Disable pull-up 0 – disable	
			1 – enable	
GPIO-STATE	Set HW GPIO state.	COMMAND	gpio_id – Hardware GPIO number (1-	Set GPIO 2 to High:
	() GPIO-STATE? can	<b>#GPIO-STATE_</b> gpio_id,gpio_mode< <b>CR&gt;</b>	2) gpio mode – Hardware GPIO state	#GPIO-STATE_2,1 <cr></cr>
	only be set in digital out mode and the	FEEDBACK ~nn@GPIO-STATE_gpio id,gpio mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0-Low	
	answer is 0=Low,		1 – High	
	1=High. In all other modes an error			
	message is sent.			
	The device uses this			
	command to notify the			
	user of any change regarding the step and			
	voltage in:			
	In digital mode the			
	answer is 0 (low), 1 (high).			
	In analog mode the answer is 0 to 100.			
GPIO-STATE?	Get HW GPIO state.	COMMAND	gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1-	Get GPIO 2 state:
	() GPIO-STATE? can	#GPIO-STATE?_gpio_id <cr></cr>	2) gpio mode – Hardware GPIO state	#GPIO-STATE?_2 <cr></cr>
	only be set in digital	FEEDBACK	0-Low	
	out mode and the answer is 0=Low,	~nn@GPIO-STATE_gpio_id,gpio_mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – High	
	1=High. In all other			
	modes an error message is sent.			
	The device uses this			
	command to notify the			
	user of any change regarding the step and			
	voltage in:			
	In digital mode the			
	answer is 0 (low), 1			
	(high).			
	In analog mode the answer is 0 to 100.			
GPIO-STEP	Set HW GPIO step.	COMMAND	gpio_id - HW GPIO number (1-2)	Set GPIO 2 (set to Analog
	(i) In digital mode the	<b>#GPIO-STEP_</b> gpio_id,step_id <b><cr></cr></b>	step_id – The configuration step – 1-	In) configuration step to 38mV:
	response is 2.	FEEDBACK	See note in description.	#GPIO-STEP_2,38 <cr></cr>
	In analog mode the	~nn@GPIO-STEP_gpio_id,step_id,currentstep <cr><lf></lf></cr>	currentstep - The actual step	
1	response is 1 to 100.		depending on the measured voltage 0- 33000	
	response is 1 to 100.		00000	
	In other modes an		(i) GPIO-CFG Analog(0), input(0)	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
GPIO-STEP?	Get HW GPIO step.	COMMAND	gpio_id - HW GPIO number (1-2)	Get GPIO 2configuration:
	(i) In digital mode the	#GPIO-STEP?_gpio_id <cr></cr>	<pre>step_id - The configuration step - 1- 100</pre>	#GPIO-STEP?_2 <cr></cr>
	response is 2.	FEEDBACK ~nn@GPIO-STEP_gpio id, step id, currentstep <cr><lf></lf></cr>	See note in description.	
	In analog mode the	"Inderio-Site_gpio_id, step_id, currentstep(ck/lf/	currentstep – The actual step depending on the measured voltage 0-	
	response is 1 to 100.		33000	
	In other modes an		(i) GPIO-CFG Analog(0), input(0)	
GPIO-THR	error is returned. Set HW GPIO voltage	COMMAND	gpio id – Hardware GPIO number (1-	Set GPIO 2 to a low level o
	levels.	<b>#GPIO-THR_</b> gpio_id,low_level,high_level< <b>CR&gt;</b>	2)	800mV and a high level of 2200mV:
		FEEDBACK	low_level – Voltage 500 to 28000 millivolts	#GPIO-
		<pre>~nn@GPIO-THR_gpio_id,low_level,high_level<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	high_level - Voltage 2000 to 30000 millivolts	THR_2,800,2200 <cr></cr>
GPIO-THR?	Get HW GPIO voltage	COMMAND	gpio_id – Hardware GPIO number (1-	Get GPIO 2:
	levels that were set.	#GPIO-THR?_gpio_id <cr></cr>	2)	#GPIO-THR?_2 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	low_level – Voltage 500 to 28000 millivolts	
		<pre>~nn@GPIO-THR_gpio_id,low_level,high_level<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	high_level - Voltage 2000 to 30000 millivolts	
GPIO-VOLT?	Get active voltage	COMMAND	gpio_id – Hardware GPIO number (1-	Get GPIO 1 voltage:
	levels of HW GPIO.	GPIO-VOLT?_gpio_id <cr></cr>	2) voltage – Voltage 0 to 33000	#GPIO-VOLT?_1 <cr></cr>
	<ol> <li>This command is</li> </ol>	FEEDBACK	millivolts	
	not available in digital out mode.	<pre>~nn@GPIO-VOLT_gpio_id,voltage<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>		
HDCP-MOD	Set HDCP mode.	COMMAND	in_index – Number that indicates the	Set the input HDCP-MODE
	(i) Get HDCP working	<pre>#HDCP-MOD_in_index,mode<cr></cr></pre>	specific input: 0 – Input	of HDMI IN to off: #HDCP-MOD0,1 <cr></cr>
	mode on the device	FEEDBACK ~nn@HDCP-MOD_in index,mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – Output	
	input:		mode – HDCP mode:	
	HDCP supported – HDCP ON [default].		0 – Input (HDMI (1)/ USBC (2) 1 – Output: (HDMI (1)	
	HDCP not supported -			
	HDCP Not supported - HDCP OFF.			
	HDCP support			
	changes following			
	detected sink - MIRROR OUTPUT.			
HDCP-MOD?	Get HDCP mode.	COMMAND	in_index - Number that indicates the	Get the input HDCP-MODE
	(i) Get HDCP working	<pre>#HDCP-MOD?_in_index<cr></cr></pre>	specific input: 0 – Input	of HDMI IN : #HDCP-MOD?_1 <cr></cr>
	mode on the device	FEEDBACK ~nn@HDCP-MOD_in index,mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – Output	
	input:		mode – HDCP mode: 0 – Input (HDMI (1)/ USBC (2)	
	HDCP supported – HDCP ON [default].		1 - Output: (HDMI (1))	
	HDCP not supported -			
	HDCP OFF.			
	HDCP support			
	changes following			
	detected sink - MIRROR OUTPUT.			
HELP	Get command list or help for specific		cmd_name - Name of a specific	Get the command list:
	help for specific command.	#HELP <cr> #HELP_cmd name<cr></cr></cr>	command	#HELP <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK		To get help for
		1. Multi-line:		AV-SW-TIMEOUT: HELP_av-sw-timeout<(
		~nn@Device_cmd_name,_cmd_name <cr><lf></lf></cr>		R>
		To get help for command use: HELP (COMMAND_NAME) <cr><lf> ~nn@HELP_cmd_name:<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		
		description <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		USAGE : usage <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
IDV	Set visual indication	COMMAND		#IDV <cr></cr>
	from device.	#IDV <cr></cr>		
	(i) Using this	FEEDBACK		
	command, some devices can light a	~nn@IDV_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	sequence of buttons or			
	LEDs to allow identification of a			
	specific device from			
MODEL?	similar devices. Get device model.	COMMAND	model name – String of up to 19	Get the device model:
		#MODEL?_ <cr></cr>	printable ASCII chars	#MODEL?_ <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK		
	Cat audio muto	~nn@MODEL_model_name <cr><lf></lf></cr>	klassik statistici	Cat Outrast 4 to 1
MUTE	Set audio mute.	COMMAND #MUTE_out index, mute mode <cr></cr>	<pre>out_index - Number that indicates the specific output:</pre>	Set Output 1 to mute: #MUTE_1,1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	1-8	
		~nn@MUTE_out_index,mute_mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	mute_mode - On/Off 0-Off	
		_	1 – On	
MUTE?	Get audio mute.	COMMAND	out_index - Number that indicates	Get mute status of output 1
	1	#MUTE?_out_index <cr></cr>	the specific output:	#MUTE_1? <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	1-8	
		FEEDBACK ~nn@MUTE_out index,mute mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1-8 mute_mode - On/Off 0-Off	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
NAME	Set machine (DNS)	COMMAND	machine name - String of up to 15	Set the DNS name of the
	name.	#NAME_machine_name <cr></cr>	alpha-numeric chars (can include	device to room-442:
	(i) The machine name	FEEDBACK	hyphen, not at the beginning or end)	#NAME_room-442 <cr></cr>
	is not the same as the	~nn@NAME_machine_name <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	model name. The machine name is used			
	to identify a specific			
	machine or a network			
	in use (with DNS feature on).			
NAME?	Get machine (DNS)	COMMAND	machine_name - String of up to 15	Get the DNS name of the
	name.	#NAME?_<	alpha-numeric chars (can include	device:
	(i) The machine name	FEEDBACK	hyphen, not at the beginning or end)	#NAME?_ <cr></cr>
	is not the same as the	~nn@NAME_machine_name <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	model name. The machine name is used			
	to identify a specific			
	machine or a network in use (with DNS			
	feature on).			
NAME-RST	Reset machine (DNS) name to factory	COMMAND		Reset the machine name
	default.	#NAME-RST <cr></cr>		(S/N last digits are 0102): #NAME-
		FEEDBACK ~nn@NAME-RST_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		RST_kramer_0102 <cr></cr>
	Factory default of machine (DNS) name			
	is "KRAMER_" + 4 last			
	digits of device serial number.			
NET-DHCP?	Get DHCP mode.	COMMAND	netw id - Network ID-the device	Get DHCP mode for port 1:
	â	#NET-DHCP?_netw_id <cr></cr>	network interface (if there are more	#NET-DHCP?_1 <cr></cr>
	For Backward compatibility, the id	FEEDBACK	than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0',	
	parameter can be	~nn@NET-DHCP_netw_id,dhcp_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	dhcp state -	
	omitted. In this case,		0 – Static	
	the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is		1 – Dynamic	
	the Ethernet control			
	port.	COMMAND		Cat the national ID address
NET-GATE	Set gateway IP.	COMMAND #NET-GATE_ip address <cr></cr>	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Set the gateway IP address to 192.168.0.1:
	<ul> <li>A network gateway</li> </ul>	FEEDBACK		#NET-
	connects the device via another network	~nn@NET-GATE_ip address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		GATE_192.168.000.001< CR>
	and maybe over the			CRV
	Internet. Be careful of security issues. For			
	proper settings consult			
	your network			
NET-GATE?	administrator. Get gateway IP.	COMMAND	ip address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Get the gateway IP address:
	A network gateway	#NET-GATE?_ <cr></cr>		#NET-GATE?_ <cr></cr>
	connects the device via another network	FEEDBACK		
	and maybe over the	~nn@NET-GATE_ip_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	Internet. Be aware of			
NET-IP	security problems. Set IP address.	COMMAND	ip address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Set the IP address to
NET-IP	Set IP address.	COMMAND #NET-IP_ip_address <cr></cr>	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx	Set the IP address to 192.168.1.39:
NET-IP	Set IP address. (i) For proper settings		ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx	192.168.1.39: <b>#NET-</b>
NET-IP	Set IP address.	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr></cr></pre>	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	192.168.1.39: <b>#NET-</b>
	Set IP address. (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator.	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>		192.168.1.39: #NET- IP_192.168.001.039 <cr< td=""></cr<>
NET-IP NET-IP?	Set IP address. For proper settings consult your network	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx</pre>	192.168.1.39: <b>#NET-</b> IP_192.168.001.039 <cr< td=""></cr<>
	Set IP address. (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator.	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>		192.168.1.39: <b>#NET-</b> IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address:</cr 
	Set IP address. (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator.	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>		192.168.1.39: <b>#NET-</b> IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address:</cr 
	Set IP address. (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator.	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<ccp> FEEDBACK</ccp></lf></cr></cr></pre>		192.168.1.39: <b>#NET-</b> IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_<cr></cr></cr 
NET-IP?	Set IP address.    For proper settings consult your network administrator.  Get IP address.  Get MAC address.	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<ccp> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf></lf></cr></ccp></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ip_address – Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx id – Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one).	192.168.1.39: <b>#NET-</b> IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address:</cr 
NET-IP?	Set IP address.    For proper settings consult your network administrator.  Get IP address.  Get MAC address.    For backward	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<ccp feedback="" ~nn@net-ip_ip_address<cr=""><lf> COMMAND</lf></ccp></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the	192.168.1.39: <b>#NET-</b> IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_<cr></cr></cr 
NET-IP?	Set IP address.	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><if> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<ccp feedback="" ~nn@net-ip_ip_address<cr=""><if> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr></cr></if></ccp></if></cr></cr></pre>	ip_address – Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx id – Network ID–the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3	192.168.1.39: <b>#NET-</b> IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_<cr></cr></cr 
NET-IP?	Set IP address.    For proper settings consult your network administrator.  Get IP address.   Get MAC address.    For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case,	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address.	192.168.1.39: <b>#NET-</b> IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_<cr></cr></cr 
NET-IP?	Set IP address.   For proper settings consult your network administrator.  Get IP address.  Get MAC address.  For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ip_address – Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx id – Network ID–the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3	192.168.1.39: <b>#NET-</b> IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_<cr></cr></cr 
NET-IP?	Set IP address.    For proper settings consult your network administrator.  Get IP address.   Get MAC address.   For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX where X	192.168.1.39: <b>#NET-</b> IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_<cr></cr></cr 
NET-IP? NET-MAC?	Set IP address.   For proper settings consult your network administrator.  Get IP address.  Get MAC address.  For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port.	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<ccp> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<ccp> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf></lf></cr></ccp></lf></cr></ccp></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX where X is hex digit	192.168.1.39: #NET- IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr></cr></cr></cr 
NET-IP?	Set IP address.   For proper settings consult your network administrator.  Get IP address.  Get MAC address.  For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask.	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<ccp> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<ccp> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr></ccp></lf></cr></ccp></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX where X	192.168.1.39: <b>#NET-</b> IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_<cr></cr></cr 
NET-IP? NET-MAC?	Set IP address.   For proper settings consult your network administrator.  Get IP address.  Get MAC address.  For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask.  For proper settings	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<ccp> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<ccp> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></ccp></lf></cr></ccp></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX where X is hex digit	192.168.1.39: #NET- IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.0.0: #NET-</cr></cr></cr 
NET-IP? NET-MAC?	Set IP address. (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator. Get IP address. Get MAC address. (i) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask. (i) For proper settings consult your network	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> </lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX where X is hex digit	192.168.1.39: #NET- IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.00: #NET- MASK_255.255.000.000&lt;</cr></cr></cr 
NET-IP? NET-MAC? NET-MASK	Set IP address.  (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator.  Get IP address.  Get MAC address.  (i) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask.  (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator.	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<ccp> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></ccp></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX where X is hex digit net_mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx</pre>	192.168.1.39: #NET- IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.000.000&lt; CR&gt;</cr></cr></cr 
NET-IP? NET-MAC?	Set IP address. (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator. Get IP address. Get MAC address. (i) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask. (i) For proper settings consult your network	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MACid<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> COMMAND</cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX where X is hex digit	192.168.1.39: #NET- IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.00: #NET- MASK_255.255.000.000</cr></cr></cr></cr 
NET-IP? NET-MAC? NET-MASK	Set IP address.  (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator.  Get IP address.  Get MAC address.  (i) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask.  (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator.	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX where X is hex digit net_mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx</pre>	192.168.1.39: #NET- IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.000.000&lt; CR&gt;</cr></cr></cr 
NET-IP? NET-MAC? NET-MASK	Set IP address.  (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator.  Get IP address.  Get MAC address.  (i) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask.  (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator.	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><feedback #net-mask_cr="" command=""> FEEDBACK FEEDBACK FEEDBACK</feedback></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX where X is hex digit net_mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx</pre>	192.168.1.39: #NET- IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.00: #NET- MASK_255.255.000.000</cr></cr></cr></cr 
NET-IP? NET-MAC? NET-MASK	Set IP address. (1) For proper settings consult your network administrator. Get IP address. (2) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask. (3) For proper settings consult your network administrator. Get subnet mask.	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<ccp> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASKnet_mask<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></ccp></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX where X is hex digit net_mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx net_mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx</pre>	192.168.1.39: #NET- IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.00: #NET- MASK_255.255.000.000&lt; CR&gt; Get the subnet mask: #NET-MASK?<cr></cr></cr></cr></cr 
NET-IP? NET-MAC? NET-MASK	Set IP address.  (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator.  Get IP address.  Get MAC address.  (i) For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask.  (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator.	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<ccp> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASKnet_mask<cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></ccp></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX where X is hex digit net_mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx net_mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx version - XX.XX where X is a</pre>	192.168.1.39: #NET- IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.00: #NET- MASK_255.255.000.000 CR&gt; Get the subnet mask: #NET-MASK?<cr> Get the device protocol</cr></cr></cr></cr 
NET-IP? NET-MAC? NET-MASK?	Set IP address.   For proper settings consult your network administrator.  Get IP address.  Get MAC address.   For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port. Set subnet mask.  For proper settings consult your network administrator.  Get subnet mask.  Get device protocol	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-IP?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf> COMMAND #NET-MASK?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASKnet_mask<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address - Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX where X is hex digit net_mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx net_mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx</pre>	192.168.1.39: #NET- IP_192.168.001.039 <cr &gt; Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_<cr> #NET-MAC?_id<cr> Set the subnet mask to 255.255.00: #NET- MASK_255.255.000.000&lt; CR&gt; Get the subnet mask: #NET-MASK?<cr></cr></cr></cr></cr 

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
	Reset device.	COMMAND	T arameters/Attributes	Reset the device:
RESET	Reset device.	#RESET <cr></cr>		Reset the device: #RESET <cr></cr>
	<li>To avoid locking</li>	FEEDBACK		
	the port due to a USB	~nn@RESET_0k <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	bug in Windows, disconnect USB			
	connections			
	immediately after			
	running this command. If the port was locked,			
	disconnect, and			
	reconnect the cable to			
ROUTE	reopen the port. Set layer routing.	COMMAND	layer type Layer Enumeration	Route video input 2 to the
ROUTE		<b>#ROUTE</b> layer type, out index, in index <cr></cr>	1 – Video+ Audio	output:
	This command	FEEDBACK	6-CEC	#ROUTE_1,1,2 <cr></cr>
	replaces all other routing commands.	<pre>~nn@ROUTE_layer type,out index,in index<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	out_index	
	rouning communico.		Video+Audio(1): OUT 1 HDMI(1) CEC: Output 1(1)/Output 2(2)/Output	
			3(3)/Output 4(4)/Output 5(5)/Output	
			6(6)/Output 7(7)/Output 8(8)	
			in_index -	
			Source id for Video+ Audio: Video+Audio(1): HDMI(1)/USBC(2)	
			CEC (6): Disconnect CEC on the	
			output(0)/Connect CEC to Input 1(1)	
ROUTE?	Get layer routing state.	COMMAND	layer_type Layer Enumeration	Get video routing output:
	(i) This command	<pre>#ROUTE?_layer_type,out_index<cr></cr></pre>	1 – Video+ Audio	<pre>#ROUTE?_1,1<cr></cr></pre>
	replaces all other	FEEDBACK	6-CEC out index	
	routing commands.	<pre>~nn@ROUTE_layer_type,out_index,in_index <cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	Video+Audio(1): OUT 1 HDMI(1)	
			CEC: Output 1(1)/Output 2(2)/Output	
			3(3)/Output 4(4)/Output 5(5)/Output	
			6(6)/Output 7(7)/Output 8(8) in index -	
			Source id for Video+ Audio:	
			Video+Audio(1): HDMI(1)/USBC(2)	
			CEC (6): Disconnect CEC on the	
0 E OLID	Start/stop socurity	COMMAND	output(0)/Connect CEC to Input 1(1)	Enable the normission
SECUR	Start/stop security.	COMMAND #SECUR_security state <cr></cr>	<pre>security_state - Security state 0 - OFF (disables security)</pre>	Enable the permission system:
	(i) The permission	FEEDBACK	1 - ON (enables security)	#SECUR_1 <cr></cr>
	system works only if security is enabled	<pre>FEEDBACK ~nn@SECUR_security state<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>		_
	with the "SECUR"			
	command.			
SECUR?	Get security state.	COMMAND	security_state - Security state	Enable the permission
	(i) The permission	#SECUR?_security_state <cr></cr>	0 – OFF (disables security)	system: #SECUR?
	system works only if	FEEDBACK	1 – ON (enables security)	TALCUR!
	security is enabled	~nn@SECUR_security_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	with the "SECUR" command.			
SIGNAL?	Get input signal status.	COMMAND	in_index - Number that indicates the	Get the input signal lock
	-	#SIGNAL?_in_index <cr></cr>	specific input:	status of IN 1:
		FEEDBACK	1 – HDMI	#SIGNAL?_1 <cr></cr>
		~nn@SIGNAL_in_index,status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	2 – USBC	
			status – Signal status according to signal validation:	
			0 – Off	
			1 – On	
SN?	Get device serial	COMMAND	serial_num - 14 decimal digits,	Get the device serial
	number.	#SN?_ <cr></cr>	factory assigned	number:
		FEEDBACK		#SN?_ <cr></cr>
		~nn@SN_serial_num <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
TIME	Set device time and	COMMAND	day_of_week - One of	Set device time and date to
	date.	<pre>#TIME_day_of_week,date,data<cr></cr></pre>	{SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT}	December 5, 2020 at
	(i) The year must be 4	FEEDBACK	date – Format: DD-MM-YYYY. data – Format: hh:mm:ss where	2:30pm: #TIME_mon_05-12-
	digits.	<pre>~nn@TIME_day_of_week,date,data<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	hh = hours	2020,14:30:00 <cr></cr>
	The device does not		mm = minutes	
	validate the day of		ss = seconds	
	week from the date.			
	Time format - 24			
	hours.			
	Date format - Day,			
	Month, Year.			
TIME?	Get device time and	COMMAND	day_of_week - One of	Get device time and date:
	date.	#TIME?_ <cr></cr>	{SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT} date – Format: YYYY/MM/DD where	#TIME? <cr></cr>
	(i) The year must be 4	FEEDBACK	date - Format: YYYY/MM/DD where YYYY = Year	
	digits.	<pre>~nn@TIME_day_of_week,date,data<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	MM = Month	
	The device does not		DD = Day	
	validate the day of		data – Format: hh:mm:ss where	
	week from the date.		hh = hours mm = minutes	
	Time format - 24		ss = seconds	
	hours.			
				1
	Date format - Day,			

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
TIME-SRV	Set time server. This command is needed for setting UDP timeout for the current client list.	<pre>COMMAND #TIME-SRV_mode,time_server_ip <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@TIME-SRV_mode,time_server_ip, <cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	mode – On/Off 0 – Off 1 – On	Set time server with IP address of 128.138.140.44 to ON: #TIME- SRV_1,128.138.140.44, 1 <cr></cr>
TIME-SRV?	Get time server. This command is needed for setting UDP timeout for the current client list.	COMMAND #TIME-SRV?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@TIME-SRV_mode,time_server_ip <cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	mode – On/Off 0 – Off 1 – On	Get time server: #TIME-SRV? <cr></cr>
UART	<ul> <li>Set com port configuration.</li> <li>In the FC-2x the serial port is selectable to RS-232 or RS-485 (usually serial port 1).</li> <li>If Serial is configured when RS-485 is selected, the RS-485 UART port automatically changes.</li> <li>The command is backward compatible, meaning that if the extra parameters do not exist, FW goes to.</li> <li>RS-232.</li> <li>Stop_bits 1.5 is only relevant for 5 data bits.</li> </ul>	<pre>COMMAND #UART_com_id,baud_rate,data_bits,parity,stop_bits_mod e,serial_type,485_term<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@UART_com_id,baud_rate,data_bits,parity,stop_bits_ mode,serial_type,485_term<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>com_id - 1 to n (machine dependent) baud_rate - 9600 - 115200 data_bits - 7-8 parity - Parity Type 0 - No 1 - Odd 2 - Even stop_bits_mode - 1/1.5/2 serial_type - 232/485 0 - 232 1 - 485 485_term - 485 termination state 0 - disable 1 - enable (optional - this exists only when serial_type is 485)</pre>	Set baud rate to 9600, 8 data bits, parity to none and stop bit to 1: #UART_9600,8, node, 1 <c R&gt;</c 
UART?	Get com port configuration. The commad is backward compatible, meaning that if the extra parameters do not exist, FW goes to. RS-232. Stop_bits 1.5 is only relevant for 5 data_bits.	<pre>COMMAND #UART?_com_id<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@UART_com_id,baud_rate,data_bits,parity,stop_bits_ mode,serial_type,485_term<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>com_id - 1 to n (machine dependent) baud_rate - 9600 - 115200 data_bits - 7-8 parity - Parity Type 0 - No 1 - Odd 2 - Even stop_bits_mode - 1/1.5/2 serial_type - 232/485 0 - 232 1 - 485 485_term - 485 termination state 0 - disable 1 - enable (optional - this exists only when serial type is 485)</pre>	Set baud rate to 9600, 8 data bits, parity to none and stop bit to 1: #UART_1,9600,8,node,1 <cr></cr>
USBC-ETH	Enable ETH over USB-C	COMMAND #USBC-ETH_USB-ETH_mode <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@USBC-ETH_USBC-ETH_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	USBC-ETH_mode - ETH over USB-C setting: 0 - Disable ETH over USB-C 1 - Enable ETH over USB-C	Enable ETH over the USB- C port: #USBC-ETH_1 <cr></cr>
USBC-ETH?	Get ETH over USB-C mode setting.	COMMAND #USBC-ETH?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@USBC-ETH_USBC-ETH_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	USBC-ETH_mode – ETH over USB-C setting 0 – ETH over USB-C disabled 1 – ETH over USB-C enabled	Get ETH over USB-C mode: #USBC-ETH?_ <cr></cr>
VERSION?	Get firmware version number.	COMMAND #VERSION?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@VERSION_firmware_version<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	firmware_version - XX.XX.XXXX where the digit groups are: major.minor.build version	Get the device firmware version number: <b>#VERSION?_<cr></cr></b>
VMUTE	Set enable/disable video on output. (i) Video mute parameter 2 (blank picture) is not supported.	<pre>COMMAND #VMUTE_out_index,flag<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@VMUTE_out_index,flag<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	out_index - Number that indicates the specific output - HDMI Output(1- 8)/LOOP(0) flag - Video Mute 0 - Video enabled 1 - Video disabled	Disable the video output on output: #VMUTE_1,0 <cr></cr>
VMUTE?	Get video on output status. i Video mute parameter 2 (blank picture) is not supported.	<pre>COMMAND #VMUTE?_out_index<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@VMUTE_out_index,flag<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	out_index - Number that indicates the specific output - HDMI Output(1- 8)/LOOP(0) flag - Video Mute 0- Video enabled 1 - Video disabled	Get video on output status: #VMUTE?_1 <cr></cr>

## **Result and Error Codes**

### Syntax

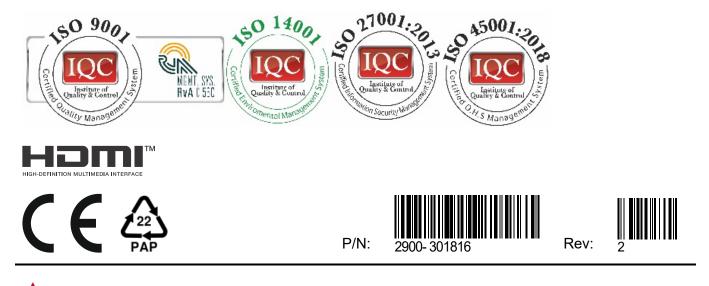
In case of an error, the device responds with an error message. The error message syntax:

- ~NN@ERR XXX<CR><LF> when general error, no specific command
- ~NN@CMD ERR XXX<CR><LF> for specific command
- NN machine number of device, default = 01
- XXX error code

### **Error Codes**

Error Name	Error Code	Description
P3K_NO_ERROR	0	No error
ERR_PROTOCOL_SYNTAX	1	Protocol syntax
ERR_COMMAND_NOT_AVAILABLE	2	Command not available
ERR_PARAMETER_OUT_OF_RANGE	3	Parameter out of range
ERR_UNAUTHORIZED_ACCESS	4	Unauthorized access
ERR_INTERNAL_FW_ERROR	5	Internal FW error
ERR_BUSY	6	Protocol busy
ERR_WRONG_CRC	7	Wrong CRC
ERR_TIMEDOUT	8	Timeout
ERR_RESERVED	9	(Reserved)
ERR_FW_NOT_ENOUGH_SPACE	10	Not enough space for data (firmware, FPGA)
ERR_FS_NOT_ENOUGH_SPACE	11	Not enough space – file system
ERR_FS_FILE_NOT_EXISTS	12	File does not exist
ERR_FS_FILE_CANT_CREATED	13	File can't be created
ERR_FS_FILE_CANT_OPEN	14	File can't open
ERR_FEATURE_NOT_SUPPORTED	15	Feature is not supported
ERR_RESERVED_2	16	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_3	17	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_4	18	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_5	19	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_6	20	(Reserved)
ERR_PACKET_CRC	21	Packet CRC error
ERR_PACKET_MISSED	22	Packet number isn't expected (missing packet)
ERR_PACKET_SIZE	23	Packet size is wrong
ERR_RESERVED_7	24	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_8	25	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_9	26	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_10	27	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_11	28	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_12	29	(Reserved)
ERR_EDID_CORRUPTED	30	EDID corrupted
ERR_NON_LISTED	31	Device specific errors
ERR_SAME_CRC	32	File has the same CRC – not changed
ERR_WRONG_MODE	33	Wrong operation mode
ERR_NOT_CONFIGURED	34	Device/chip was not initialized





SAFETY WARNING Disconnect the unit from the power supply before opening and servicing

For the latest information on our products and a list of Kramer distributors, visit our website where updates to this user manual may be found.

We welcome your questions, comments, and feedback.

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